NATIONAL MEDICAL CARE COMPANY

(SAUDI JOINT STOCK COMPANY)

UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE-MONTH AND NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER $2020\,$

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT ON THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF NATIONAL MEDICAL CARE COMPANY (SAUDI JOINT STOCK COMPANY)

Introduction:

We have reviewed the accompanying interim condensed statement of financial position of National Medical Care Company (the "Company") as at 30 September 2020, and the related interim condensed statement of comprehensive income, for the three-month and nine-month periods ended 30 September 2020, and the related interim condensed statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2020, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these interim condensed financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" ("IAS 34") endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim condensed financial statements based on our review.

Scope of Review:

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. A review of interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion:

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34 that is endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

Other Matter:

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2019 have been audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements on 29 Jumada al-Alkhira 1441H (corresponding to 23 February 2020) and the interim condensed financial statements of the Company for the period ended 30 September 2019 have also been reviewed by another independent auditor who has issued an unmodified conclusion on those financial statements on 10 Rabi Al-awwal 1441H (corresponding to 7 November 2019).

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for Ernst & Young

Yousef A. AlMubarak Certified Public Accountant License No. (427)

Riyadh: 17 Rabi'al Awwal 1442 H (3 November 2020)

| | Note | 30 September 2020 SR (Unaudited) | 31 December 2019 SR (Audited) |
|---|------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Assets | | | |
| Non-current assets | | | |
| Property and equipment | 4 | 502,559,455 | 536,536,503 |
| ntangible assets | | 1,943,325 | 1,597,285 |
| Total non-current assets | | 504,502,780 | 538,133,788 |
| Current assets | | | |
| nventories | | 48,141,648 | 51,838,945 |
| Trade receivables, prepayments and others | 5 | 484,475,141 | 386,605,932 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 6 | 339,477,452 | 379,665,910 |
| Total current assets | | 872,094,241 | 818,110,787 |
| Total assets | | 1,376,597,021 | 1,356,244,575 |
| Equity and liabilities | | | |
| Equity | | 440 500 000 | 440 500 000 |
| Share capital | | 448,500,000 | 448,500,000 |
| Statutory reserve | | 186,021,947 | 186,021,947 |
| Retained earnings Fotal equity | | 383,936,632 1,018,458,579 | 398,368,587 1,032,890,534 |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Non-current liabilities | | | |
| Long-term loan | 10 | 90 122 612 | 05 074 700 |
| Employees' end-of-service benefits | 10 | 89,132,613 88,873,297 | 95,074,788 85,148,670 |
| Total non-current liabilities | | 178,005,910 | 180,223,458 |
| | | | ,, |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Frade payables, accruals and others | 7 | 122,077,225 | 92,676,260 |
| Current portion of long- term loan | 10 | 5,942,174 | 5,942,174 |
| Zakat provision | 11 | 52,113,133 | 44,512,149 |
| Total current liabilities | | 180,132,532 | 143,130,583 |
| Total liabilities | | 358,138,442 | 323,354,041 |
| Total equity and liabilities | | 1,376,597,021 | 1,356,244,575 |

Chairman

Saad Abdulmohsen Alfadly

Chief Executive Officer

Abdulaziz Alobaid

Chief Financial Officer

Jahanzeb Ahmed Khan

| | | For the three-mo | onth period ended | For the nine-mon | th period ended |
|---|------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | | 30 September 2020 | 30 September 2019 | 30 September 2020 | 30 September 2019 |
| | Note | SR | SR | SR | SR |
| | | (Unaudited) | (Unaudited) | (Unaudited) | (Unaudited) |
| Revenue | | 213,304,565 | 173,513,375 | 594,355,978 | 522,879,190 |
| Cost of revenue | | (162,240,496) | (133,400,127) | (432,208,554) | (396,497,422) |
| Gross profit | | 51,064,069 | 40,113,248 | 162,147,424 | 126,381,768 |
| Selling and marketing expenses | | (10,091,566) | (1,575,451) | (21,773,129) | (6,053,800) |
| General and administrative expenses | 1 | (18,273,731) | (18,907,012) | (51,621,522) | (54,832,807) |
| Operating income | | 22,698,772 | 19,630,785 | 88,752,773 | 65,495,161 |
| Other income, net | | 2,177,105 | 3,357,726 | 7,404,381 | 13,813,772 |
| Finance cost | | - | (624,060) | | (2,012,604) |
| Income before zakat | | 24,875,877 | 22,364,451 | 96,157,154 | 77,296,329 |
| Zakat | 11 | (8,551,952) | (5,720,982) | (20,889,109) | (16,848,958) |
| Net income for the period | | 16,323,925 | 16,643,469 | 75,268,045 | 60,447,371 |
| Other comprehensive income for the period | | | | | |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | | 16,323,925 | 16,643,469 | 75,268,045 | 60,447,371 |
| Basic and diluted earnings per share: | | | | | |
| Basic and diluted earnings per share | | | | | |
| from net income | 12 | 0.36 | 0.37 | 1.68 | 1.35 |

Chairman Saad Abdulmohsen Alfadly Chief Executive Officer Abdulaziz Alobaid Chief Financial Officer Jahanzeb Ahmed Khan

| | Share capital SR | Statutory reserve SR | Retained earnings SR | Total SR |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|
| As at 1 January 2020 | 448,500,000 | 186,021,947 | 398,368,587 | 1,032,890,534 |
| Income for the period | | - | 75,268,045 | 75,265,045 |
| Other comprehensive income | | - | | |
| Total comprehensive income | - | - | 75,268,045 | 75,268,045 |
| Dividends (note 8) | | - | (89,700,000) | (89,700,000) |
| As at 30 September 2020 (Unaudited) | 448,500,000 | 186,021,947 | 383,936,632 | 1,018,458,579 |
| As at 1 January 2019 | 448,500,000 | 186,021,947 | 362,342,715 | 996,864,662 |
| Income for the period | - | - | 60,447,371 | 60,447,371 |
| Other comprehensive income | - | - | | - |
| Total comprehensive income | 2- | - | 60,447,371 | 60,447,371 |
| Dividends (note 8) | - | 2 | (44,850,000) | (44,850,000) |
| As at 30 September 2019 (Unaudited) | 448,500,000 | 186,021,947 | 377,940,086 | 1,012,462,033 |

Chairman Saad Abdulmohsen Alfadly Chief Executive Officer Abdulaziz Alobaid Chief Financial Officer Jahanzeb Ahmed Khan

| | Note | 2020 SR (Unaudited) | 2019 SR (Unaudited) |
|--|------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Operating activities | - | 00.457.454 | 77 000 200 |
| Income before zakat | | 96,157,154 | 77,296,329 |
| Non-cash adjustments to reconcile profit before zakat to net cash flow | vs: | | |
| Depreciation | | 42,972,506 | 51,454,292 |
| Loss on disposal of property and equipment | | 108,552 | - |
| Amortization of intangible assets | | 352,439 | 585,799 |
| Allowance for expected credit losses | 5 | 21,214,605 | 5,704,883 |
| Allowance for expected medical rejections | 5 | 32,323,303 | 28,565,253 |
| Provision for slow moving inventories | | 604,593 | - |
| Provision of Employees' end-of-service benefits | | 12,831,710 | 12,116,812 |
| | _ | 206,564,862 | 175,723,368 |
| Working capital adjustments: | | | , |
| Trade receivables, prepayments and others | | (151,407,117) | (121,144,130) |
| Inventories | | 3,092,703 | (2,949,425) |
| Trade payables, accruals and others | | 29,400,966 | (2,549,199) |
| Net cash generated from operations | - | 87,651,414 | 49,080,614 |
| Zakat paid | 11 | (13,288,125) | (12,496,754) |
| Employees' end-of-service benefits paid | | (9,107,084) | (7,731,548) |
| Net cash from operating activities | _ | 65,256,205 | 28,852,312 |
| Investing activities | | | |
| Additions to property and equipment | | (9,219,417) | (8,842,209) |
| Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment | | 115,407 | - |
| Additions to intangible assets | | (698,478) | |
| Net cash used in investing activities | | (9,802,488) | (8,842,209) |
| Financing activities | | | |
| Repayment of long-term loan | | (5,942,175) | (15,033,084) |
| Dividends paid | 8 | (89,700,000) | (44,850,000) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | _ | (95,642,175) | (59,883,084) |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | | (40,188,458) | (39,872,981) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period | | 379,665,910 | 344,557,818 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period | 6 | 339,477,452 | 304,684,837 |

ChairmanSaad Abdulmohsen Alfadly

Chief Executive Officer Abdulaziz Alobaid Chief Financial Officer Jahanzeb Ahmed Khan

1. Corporate information and activities

National Medical Care Company (the "Company") is a Saudi Joint Stock Company, registered in Riyadh, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia under commercial registration number 1010194785 dated 9 Muharram 1425 (H) (corresponding to 29 February 2004).

The company carries out its activities through the following branches:

- Riyadh Care Hospital under commercial registration No. 1010195325 dated 22 Muharram 1425 (H) (corresponding to 14 March 2004).
- National Hospital under commercial registration No. 1010195327 dated 22 Muharram 1425 (H) (corresponding to 14 March 2004).
- Care Company for Pharmaceutical and Medical Distribution under commercial registration No. 1010301247 dated 14 Safar 1432 (H) (corresponding to 19 January 2011).
- Family Health Care Center under commercial registration No. 1010397064 dated 29 Muharram 1435 (H) (corresponding to 2 December 2013).

The Company is engaged in the business to establish, own, equip, manage, maintain and operate healthcare facilities and provide Home Health Care services.

The Company is subsidiary of Saudi Medical Care Group Company (the "Parent") which owns 49.2% of the Company's shares, while the remaining shares, which represent 50.8%, are publicly owned by several shareholders with less than 5% ownership each.

The registered office is located at Arrayyan District, P.O. Box 29393, Riyadh 11457, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

2. Basis of preparation

2.1 Statement of compliance

These interim condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard "Interim Financial Reporting" ("IAS 34") endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia ("KSA").

The interim condensed financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019. In addition, results for the interim period ended 30 September 2020 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the financial year ending 31 December 2020.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These interim condensed financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention using the accruals basis of accounting. For employee and other post-employment benefits, actuarial present value calculations are used.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These interim condensed financial statements are presented in Saudi Riyals (SR) which is the functional currency of the Company.

2.4 Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Company's interim condensed financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities.

The significant judgments made by management in applying the Company accounting policies and the methods of computation and the key sources of estimation are the same as those that applied to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019. However, in view of the current uncertainty regarding COVID 19, any future change in assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that may require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities affected in future periods. As the situation continues to evolve, management will continue to assess the impact based on prospective developments (see also note 16).

3. Changes to the Company's accounting policies

The accounting policies and methods of calculation adopted in the preparation of interim condensed financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Company annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019, except for the adoption of amendments to standards effective as of 1 January 2020. The Company has not early adopted any standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

Several amendments and interpretations apply for the first time in 2020, but do not have an impact on the interim condensed financial statements of the Company. As required by IAS 34, endorsed in kingdom of Sauid Arabia the nature and effect of these changes are disclosed below.

3.1 Amendments to IFRS 3: definition of a business

The amendment to IFRS 3 clarifies that to be considered a business, an integrated set of activities and assets must include, at a minimum, an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create output. Furthermore, it clarified that a business can exist without including all of the inputs and processes needed to create outputs. These amendments had no impact on the interim condensed financial statements of the Company but may impact future periods if the Company enter into any business combinations.

3.2 Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8: definition of material

The amendments provide a new definition of material that states "information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements, which provide financial information about a specific reporting entity." The amendments clarify that materiality will depend on the nature or magnitude of information, either individually or in combination with other information, in the context of the financial statements. A misstatement of information is material if it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions made by the primary users. These amendments had no impact on the interim condensed financial statements of the Company.

3.3 Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7: interest rate benchmark reform

In September 2019, the IASB issued amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7, which concludes phase one of its work to respond to the effects of Interbank Offered Rates (IBOR) reform on financial reporting. The amendments provide temporary reliefs which enable hedge accounting to continue during the period of uncertainty before the replacement of an existing interest rate benchmark with an alternative nearly risk-free interest rate (RFR). The amendments must be applied retrospectively. However, any hedge relationships that have previously been dedesignated cannot be reinstated upon application, nor can any hedge relationships be designated with the benefit of hindsight. These amendments had no impact on the interim condensed financial statements of the Company.

4. Property and equipment

| | For the nine- month period | For the year |
|--|-------------------------------|---------------|
| | ended | ended |
| | 30 September | 31 December |
| | 2020 | 2019 |
| | SR | SR |
| | (Unaudited) | (Audited) |
| Cost: | | |
| At the beginning of the period / year | 1,237,736,582 | 1,230,009,364 |
| Additions during the period / year | 9,219,417 | 9,787,976 |
| Disposals during the period / year | (7,855,640) | (708,000) |
| Transfers to intangible assets | - | (1,352,758) |
| At the end of the period / year | 1,239,100,359 | 1,237,736,582 |
| Accumulated depreciation: | | |
| At the beginning of the period / year | 701,200,079 | 633,745,653 |
| Depreciation charge for the period / year | 42,972,506 | 68,082,776 |
| Relating to disposals during the period / year | (7,631,681) | (628,350) |
| At the end of the period / year | 736,540,904 | 701,200,079 |
| Net book amounts: | | |
| At the end of the period / year | 502,559,455 | 536,536,503 |

Additions and disposals during the period mainly pertain to medical equipment.

The Company has land and buildings, with net book value of SR 259 million as at 30 September 2020 (31 December 2019: SR 338 million) pledged to the Ministry of Finance against loan granted to the Company (Note 10).

5. Trade receivables, prepayments and others

| | For the nine- month period ended | For the year ended |
|---|--|---------------------------|
| | 30 September 2020 SR | 31 December 2019 SR |
| | (Unaudited) | (Audited) |
| Trade accounts receivables | 425,178,522 | 313,875,707 |
| Due from a related party - trade receivables (note 9) | 242,622,265 | 233,844,633 |
| Allowance for expected medical rejections | (121,761,425) | (107,586,375) |
| | 546,039,362 | 440,133,965 |
| Less: | | |
| Allowance for expected credit losses | (92,629,467) | (73,053,014) |
| Net trade receivables | 453,409,895 | 367,080,951 |
| Letter of guarantees margin (see note below) | 13,926,518 | 5,612,563 |
| Advances to suppliers | 9,482,564 | 8,262,822 |
| Prepaid expenses | 3,648,049 | 4,461,692 |
| Others | 4,008,115 | 1,187,904 |
| | 484,475,141 | 386,605,932 |
| | | |

5. Trade receivables, prepayments and others (continued)

Movements of allowance for expected medical rejections are as follows:

| Movements of allowance for expected medical rejections are as follows: | | |
|--|--|---------------------------|
| | For the nine- month period ended | For the year ended |
| | 30 September 2020 SR | 31 December 2019 SR |
| | (Unaudited) | (Audited) |
| At the beginning of the period / year | 107,586,375 | 88,836,145 |
| Charge for the period / year | 32,323,303 | 44,692,664 |
| Write-off during the period / year | (18,148,253) | (25,942,434) |
| At the end of the period / year | 121,761,425 | 107,586,375 |
| Movements of allowance for expected credit losses are as follows: | For the nine- month period ended | For the year ended |
| | 30 September | 31 December |
| | 2020 | 2019 |
| | SR | SR |
| | (Unaudited) | (Audited) |
| At the beginning of the period / year | 73,053,014 | 69,172,321 |
| Charge for the period / year | 21,214,605 | 5,403,146 |
| Write-off during the period / year | (1,638,152) | (1,522,453) |
| At the end of the period / year | 92,629,467 | 73,053,014 |
| | · | |

Letter of guarantee represent performance guarantees issued to governmental entities and addition during the period represents additional performance guarantees issued against renewal of a contract (note15).

6.Cash and cash equivalents

| | For the nine- month period ended | For the year ended |
|------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| | 30 September 2020 SR | 31 December 2019 SR |
| | (Unaudited) | (Audited) |
| Cash and bank balances | 139,477,452 | 179,665,910 |
| Short-term deposits* | 200,000,000 339,477,452 | 200,000,000 379,665,910 |

^{*}Short-term bank deposits represent time deposits with local banks with original maturities of less than three months and have an average rate of return of 0.75% (2019: 2.08%) per annum.

7. Trade payables, accruals and others

| | For the nine- month period ended | For the year ended |
|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| | 30 September 2020 SR | 31 December 2019 SR |
| | (Unaudited) | (Audited) |
| Trade payables | 27,944,512 | 35,444,382 |
| Employees' related accruals | 41,167,833 | 35,379,290 |
| Accrued expenses | 44,863,905 | 13,766,447 |
| VAT payable | 4,054,149 | 3,282,462 |
| Others | 4,046,826 | 4,803,679 |
| | 122,077,225 | 92,676,260 |

8. Dividend distribution

The Board of Directors in their meeting held on 29 Jumada Al-Ula 1441H (corresponding to 24 January 2020) proposed final dividend of SR 2.00 (2019: SR 1.00) per share totaling to SR 89,700,000 (2019: SR 44,850,000) which was approved by the Company's general assembly on 22 Sha'ban 1441H (corresponding to 15 April 2020).

9. Related parties

Related parties are key shareholders, directors, key management personnel of the Company. The terms of these transactions have been approved by the Company's management. The following are the most significant transactions with related parties and the resulting balances:

Related party transactions

| | | | | s during nine- riod ended |
|---|-----------|-----------------------|--|------------------------------|
| | Relation | Nature of transaction | 30 September 2020 SR | 30 September 2019 SR |
| | | | (Unaudited) | (Unaudited) |
| General Organization for Social | Indirect | Revenue from | | |
| Insurance | sharehold | er medical service | 235,245,908 | 203,988,502 |
| Drager Arabian Co. Ltd. | Owned by | a | | |
| | sharehold | er Purchases | 139,388 | 89,968 |
| Related party balances | | | For the nine- nonth period ended | For the year ended |
| | | | 30 September | 31 December |
| | | Relation | 2020 SR (Unaudited) | 2019 SR (Audited) |
| Due from a related party: General Organization for Social Insurance | (note 5) | Indirect shareholder | 242,622,265 | 233,844,633 |
| 5 | | | | |
| Due to a related party: Drager Arabian Co. Ltd. | O | wned by a shareholder | 16,921 | 32,193 |

9. Related parties (continued)

Key management personnel

| | Charge for nine-month period ended | |
|--|---|--|
| | 30 September 2020 SR (Unaudited) | 30 September 2019 SR (Unaudited) |
| Short-term benefits Attendance allowance and committee's remuneration Post-employment benefits | 8,357,765 2,104,000 330,404 10,792,169 | 8,554,826 1,900,000 287,831 10,742,657 |

The amounts disclosed in the above table are the amounts recognised as an expense during the period related to key management personnel.

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The transactions with related parties are at terms as agreed by the management. Outstanding balances as at 30 September 2020 and 31 December 2019 are unsecured, interest free and are to be settled in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables during the current period and prior year. The Company has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties. This assessment is undertaken each financial year by examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

10. Long-term loan

| Within one year – current | For the nine-month period ended 30 September 2020 SR (Unaudited) 5,942,174 | For the year ended 31 December 2019 SR (Audited) 5,942,174 |
|---|--|--|
| One to five years More than five years Long-term loan- non-current Total long-term loan | 29,710,870 59,421,743 89,132,613 95,074,787 | 29,710,870 65,363,918 95,074,788 101,016,962 |

On 10 December 2012, the Company signed a loan agreement with the Ministry of Finance to finance construction work under progress amounting to SR 154,112,000. The Company was able to utilize only SR 118,843,485 during 2013 and 2015. The loan is payable in 20 equal annual instalments, the first instalment of which is due after 5 years of the contract date. The first instalment became due on 11 October 2017. The loan is an interest free and is secured by the Company's collateralised land and buildings (note 4).

On transition (effective from 1 January 2018) from Generally Accepted Accounting Standards issued by SOCPA to IFRS as endorsed in KSA, management opted for the exemption provided under IFRS 1 to keep the similar classification of interest free loan obtained from Ministry of Finance till 31 December 2017 and to adopt application of IAS – 20 "Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance" for new loans (within the scope of IAS – 20) obtained on and after the date of adoption of IFRS for its statutory financials statements.

11. Zakat

The movement in the zakat provision during the period / year is as follows:

| | For the nine- month period ended | For the year ended |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|
| | 30 September 2020 SR | 31 December 2019 SR |
| | (Unaudited) | (Audited) |
| At the beginning of the period / year Provided during the period / year | 44,512,149 | 34,386,991 |
| | 20,889,109 | 22,621,912 |
| Paid during the period / year | (13,288,125) 52,113,133 | (12,496,754) 44,512,149 |

The Company has filed its zakat returns with the General Authority of Zakat and Tax ("GAZT") and received the zakat certificates up to 31 December 2019. The Company received final zakat assessments upto the year 2007. The Company is currently conducting assessment procedures for the years 2008 to 2015, However, final assessments for these years have not been issued.

12. Earnings per share

Basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") is calculated by dividing the income for the period attributable to ordinary equity holders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is the same as the regular or basic earnings per share as the Company does not have any convertible securities or diluted instruments to exercise.

The following table reflects the income for the period attributable to ordinary equity holders and weighted average number of ordinary share outstanding during the period used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

Basic and diluted earnings per share from total income.

| | For the three-month period ended | | For the nine-month period ended | |
|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | 30 September 2020 SR | 30 September 2019 SR | 30 September 2020 SR | 30 September 2019 SR |
| | (Unaudited) | (Unaudited) | (Unaudited) | (Unaudited) |
| Total income for the period | 16,323,925 | 16,643,469 | 75,268,045 | 60,447,371 |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares | 44,850,000 | 44,850,000 | 44,850,000 | 44,850,000 |
| Basic and diluted earnings per share | 0.36 | 0.37 | 1.68 | 1.35 |

13. Segment reports

The Company's operations principally consist of one main operating segment, which is hospital services. Accordingly, presenting different segmental information is not considered necessary. Furthermore, the Company's operations are conducted in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia only.

14. Fair value of assets and liabilities

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the interim condensed financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.

Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or liability falls into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest input level that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred. During the period ended 30 September 2020, there were no movements between the levels

As at 30 September 2020 and 31 December 2019, the fair values of the Company's financial instruments are estimated to approximate their carrying values.

15. Contingent liabilities and capital commitments

The Company has capital commitments resulting from the expansion and renovation of National Care Hospital as of 30 September 2020 amounting to SR 6.8 million (31 December 2019: SR 0.9 million).

The Company has contingent liabilities arising from letters of guarantee issued to certain customers as at 30 September 2020 amounting SR 16.9 million (31 December 2019: SR 16.9 million). Letters of guarantee represent performance guarantees issued to governmental institutions

There are various legal cases filed against the Company by former employees and third parties, however, the outcome of these cases is not yet certain as most of the cases are under hearings. Information relating to the amounts of these claims and the provisions against them are not disclosed, as management believes this may prejudice the Company's position in litigation. However, the Company has made appropriate provisions for certain legal cases. Management is confident that the outcome of these cases will be in favor of the Company and provisions recognised in the financial statements are sufficient to cover the risks involved.

16. Impact of COVID-19 on the financial statements

Earlier this year the existence of novel coronavirus (COVID-19) was confirmed and characterized as a pandemic by the World Health Organisation (WHO) during March 2020.

The government of Saudi Arabia, consistent with many other governments around the world introduced various measures to combat the outbreak, including travel restrictions, quarantines, curfews, closure of business and other venues and lockdown of certain areas. The Company witnessed drop in outpatient visits once the curfew was implemented, however, patient volumes started to return to normal levels once restrictions were lifted in late June.

The extent to which the pandemic impacts Company's business and operations is ascertainable but the financial impact over the next 12 months cannot be measured reliably as it depends on various current factors and future developments, that the Company may not be able to estimate reliably during the current period. These factors include virus transmission rate, duration of the outbreak, advent of second wave of the virus, precautionary actions that may be taken by the authorities to control the spread and impact of those actions on economic activity, impact to the businesses of the Company's customers, etc.

Considering the challenges of the uncertainty around the extent and duration of business and economic impact, management is monitoring the situation with a continued focus on sustainability of supply chain, maintenance of sufficient liquidity and safety of employees and customers. Further, management has taken several steps to mitigate the effects of the pandemic, including costs reduction measures, offering teleconsultations and Home Health Care services, etc.

In view of the above, management has made certain estimates and assumptions and any future change in assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that may require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities affected in the future periods. As the situation continues to evolve, management will continue to assess the impact based on prospective developments.

17. Approval of the interim condensed financial statements

These interim condensed financial statements were approved for issuance by the Board of Directors on 17 Rabi' al Awwal 1442H (corresponding to 3 November 2020).